

## PHOTOCATALYTIC DEGRADATION OF TRIBUTYL TIN BY N-DOPED TiO<sub>2</sub>

APISIT SONGSASEN<sup>1</sup>, WEEKIT SIRISAKSOONTORN<sup>2</sup> & NATTAPON WARAPO<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1,2,3</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Kasetsart University, Chatuchak, Bangkok, Thailand

### ABSTRACT

The photo catalytic degradation of organ tin compounds (TBT, DBT and MBT) in aqueous N-doped TiO<sub>2</sub> suspension was studied. The N-doped TiO<sub>2</sub> photo catalyst was prepared via the sol-gel method using titanium (IV) tetra iso pro poxide as a precursor. The prepared photo catalyst was characterized by XPD, SEM, TEM, UV-Vis/DRS and elemental analysis. Under UV-light irradiation, P-25–TiO<sub>2</sub> was able to degrade TBT with the highest degradation efficiency than UN doped and N-doped TiO<sub>2</sub>. Under visible light and sunlight illumination, N-doped TiO<sub>2</sub> gave the best catalytic efficiency for TBT, DBT and MBT compared with others photo catalysts. The rate constant for the degradation of TBT, DBT and MBT by the N-doped TiO<sub>2</sub> were 0.1532 h<sup>-1</sup>, 0.2973 h<sup>-1</sup> and 0.3950 h<sup>-1</sup> respectively. The degradation of TBT should be in line with the debutylation process to generate DBT and MBT as by product.

**KEYWORDS:** Organ Tin Compounds, Tri butyl tin, Titanium Dioxide, Photo Degradation